## CLAIMS

- 1. A method of producing a fluoropolymer, wherein polymerization using a carboxylate ester bond-containing carboxylic acid derivative as a surfactant in an aqueous medium to give the fluoropolymer is conducted, said carboxylate ester bond-containing carboxylic acid derivative has a carboxylate ester bond and -COOM (M representing H, NH<sub>4</sub>, Li, Na or K), said carboxylate ester bond may optionally be substituted
- 2. The method of producing a fluoropolymers according to Claim 1,
- wherein the carboxylate ester bond is an acyloxy group represented by RfCOO- (Rf representing a fluoroalkyl group containing 1 to 20 carbon atoms or an ether oxygen-containing fluoroalkyl group containing 1 to 20 carbon atoms) or an alkoxycarbonyl group represented by RfOCO- (Rf being as defined above).
  - 3. The method of producing a fluoropolymers according to Claim 1 or 2,
- wherein the carboxylate ester bond-containing carboxylic acid derivative is a 2-acyloxycarboxylic acid derivative represented by the general formula (1):

$$(Rf^{1})_{a}$$

$$(Rf^{2})_{b} - C - COOM$$

$$(OCORf)_{d}$$
(1)

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by fluorine atom.

wherein  $Rf^1$  and  $Rf^2$  are the same or different and each represents H, F, a fluoroalkyl group containing 1 to 20

carbon atoms or an ether oxygen-containing fluoroalkyl group containing 1 to 20 carbon atoms, a and b each represents an integer of 0 to 2 and d represents an integer of 1 to 3 provided that a, b and d satisfy the relation a + b + d = 3; Rf and M are as defined above, and  $Rf^1$ ,  $Rf^2$  and Rf are the same or different.

- 4. The method of producing a fluoropolymer according to Claim 1 or 2,
- wherein the carboxylate ester bond-containing carboxylic acid derivative is a dicarboxylic acid half ester (A) represented by the general formula (3):

  RfOCORf<sup>5</sup>COOM (3)

wherein  $Rf^5$  represents  $-C_fH_{2f}-$  or  $-C_gH_{2g-2}-$  (in which f represents an integer of 1 to 6 and g represents an integer of 2 to 6) and Rf and M are as defined above.

- 5. The method of producing a fluoropolymer according to Claim 1 or 2,
- wherein the carboxylate ester bond-containing carboxylic acid derivative is a dicarboxylic acid half ester (B) represented by the general formula (4):  $RfOCO(CH_2)_h-T-(CH_2)_i-COOM \qquad \qquad (4)$

wherein T represents -CRf<sup>4</sup>=CH-, -CH=CRf<sup>4</sup>- or -CHRf<sup>4</sup>- (in which Rf<sup>4</sup> represents F, a fluoroalkyl group containing 1 to 20 carbon atoms or an ether oxygen-containing fluoroalkyl group containing 1 to 20 carbon atoms), h and i are the same or different and each represents an integer of 0 to 3, and Rf and M are as defined above.

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6. The method of producing a fluoropolymer according to Claim 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5, wherein a 0.1% (by mass) aqueous solution of the carboxylate ester bond-containing carboxylic acid derivative has a surface tension of 30 to 70 Nm/m as

measured at 25°C by Wilhelmy method.

- 7. The method of producing a fluoropolymer according to Claim 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6,
- wherein the carboxylate ester bond-containing carboxylic acid derivative can generate a hydrolyzate upon hydrolysis, the number of fluorine atom-bound carbon atoms in said hydrolyzate is not more than 6.
- 10 8. The method of producing a fluoropolymer according to Claim 7, wherein the number of fluorine atom-bound carbon atoms is not more than 4.
- 9. The method of producing a fluoropolymer according to Claim 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8, wherein the carboxylate ester bond-containing carboxylic acid derivative is added at a level of 0.0001 to 15% by mass of the aqueous medium.

10. A fluoropolymer aqueous dispersion which comprises a particle comprising a fluoropolymer, a carboxylate ester bond-containing carboxylic acid derivative and an aqueous medium,

- wherein said carboxylate ester bond-containing carboxylic acid derivative has a carboxylate ester bond and -COOM (M representing H, NH4, Li, Na or K), said carboxylate ester bond may optionally be substituted by fluorine atom.
  - 11. A 2-acyloxycarboxylic acid derivative which is represented by the general formula (1):

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$$(Rf^{2})_{b} \xrightarrow{(Rf^{1})_{a}} (COOM)$$

$$(OCORf)_{d}$$

$$(1)$$

wherein Rf¹ and Rf² are the same or different and each represents H, F, a fluoroalkyl group containing 1 to 20 carbon atoms or an ether oxygen-containing fluoroalkyl group containing 1 to 20 carbon atoms, Rf represents a fluoroalkyl group containing 1 to 20 carbon atoms or an ether oxygen-containing fluoroalkyl group containing 1 to 20 carbon atoms, M represents H, NH4, Li, Na or K, a and b each represents an integer of 0 to 2 and d represents an integer of 1 to 3 provided that a, b and d satisfy the relation a + b + d = 3; Rf¹, Rf² and Rf are the same or different.

12. The 2-acyloxycarboxylic acid derivative according to 20 Claim 11,

wherein  $Rf^1$  and  $Rf^2$  are the same or different and each is  $A(CF_2)_{j}(CH_2)_{p}$ -

wherein A represents H or F, j represents an integer of 1 to 6 and p represents an integer of 0 to 3.

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13. The 2-acyloxycarboxylic acid derivative according to Claim 11 or 12,

wherein Rf is

 $A(CF_2)_n(CH_2)_m$ -

30 wherein A represents H or F, n represents an integer of 1 to 4 and m represents an integer of 0 to 3, or  $A(CF_2)_g[CFX-CF_2(CH_2)_rO]_tCFX-$ 

wherein X represents F or  $CF_3$ , q represents an integer of 0 to 3, r represents an integer of 0 to 2, t represents an

35 integer of 1 to 3 and A is as defined above.

14. The 2-acyloxycarboxylic acid derivative according to Claim 11,

wherein  $Rf^1$  and  $Rf^2$  are the same or different and each is  $A(CF_2)_{u}$ -

wherein A represents H or F and u represents an integer of 1 to 3, and Rf is  $\,$ 

 $A(CF_2)_w(CH_2)_y$ 

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wherein A is as defined above, w represents an integer of 2 to 4 and y represents an integer of 0 to 1.

- 15. A surfactant which comprises the 2-acyloxycarboxylic acid derivative according to Claim 11, 12, 13 or 14.
- 15 16. A method of producing a 2-acyloxycarboxylic acid derivative, which comprises producing the 2-acyloxycarboxylic acid according to Claim 11, 12, 13 or 14 by esterifying a 2-hydroxycarboxylic acid derivative represented by the general formula (5):

$$(Rf^{2})_{b} - C - COOM$$

$$(OH)_{d}$$

$$(Sf^{2})_{b} - (Sf^{2})_{b}$$

$$(OH)_{d}$$

wherein Rf¹ and Rf² are the same or different and each represents H, F, a fluoroalkyl group containing 1 to 20 carbon atoms or an ether oxygen-containing fluoroalkyl group containing 1 to 20 carbon atoms, M represents H, NH₄, Li, Na or K, a and b each represents an integer of 0 to 2 and d represents an integer of 1 to 3 provided that a, b and d satisfy the relation a + b + d = 3, and an alkanoyl compound represented by the general formula (6):

**35** RfCOZ (6)

wherein Rf represents a fluoroalkyl group containing 1 to 20 carbon atoms or an ether oxygen-containing fluoroalkyl group containing 1 to 20 carbon atoms, Z represents  $-OM^1$  or Y ( $M^1$  representing H,  $NH_4$ , Li, Na or K and Y representing F or Cl).